

continuously across the length and/or width of the sample. Thus, for example, if the elastomeric, hot melt, pressure-sensitive differential tension adhesive film is applied between first and second components in an intermittent application, a test sample having the stated length and width can be cut from the product so as to encompass that area of the elasticized area having generally the greatest coverage of the elastomeric, hot melt, pressure-sensitive differential tension adhesive film across its width and length. The adhesive film bond strength is determined through the use of a tensile tester such as a SINTECH tensile tester commercially available from the Sintech Co., Cary, N.C., Model No. II. A 90 degree peel adhesion test is run in order to determine the grams of force needed to pull apart the first and second components of the elasticized area. Such a test method is generally described in Pressure Sensitive Tape Counsel Test Method 1. Specifically, 1.25 inches (3.175 cm) or more of the 4 inch length of the test sample has the first and second components peeled apart. The first component is then clamped in the upper jaw of the tensile tester, and the second component is clamped in the lower jaw of the tensile tester. The tensile tester is set to the following conditions:

Crosshead Speed: 300 millimeters per minute

Full-scale load: 5,000 grams

Start measurements: 10 millimeters

Gauge Length: (Jaw spacings) 1.0 inch (2.54 cm)

yes 9/28/84